

Monthly Report *July 2022*

Foreign Exchange and Derivatives Statistics

This report presents statistics on foreign exchange and currency derivatives operations carried out by the Formal Exchange Market (FEM) with non-bank domestic counterparties and the Foreign Sector. It contains data to July 2022 and only considers domestic currency vis-a-vis foreign currency for both turnover and outstanding figures. Definitions and more detailed disaggregations of the series contained in this report are available at the **Statistical Database of the Central Bank of Chile**.

Contact: <https://contactocentral.bcentral.cl/>

Derivatives. Amounts outstanding by counterparty

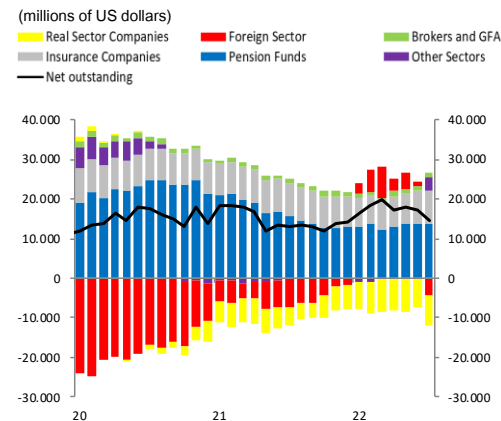
(millions of US dollars)		
Foreign Sector	\$	-4.499
Real Sector Companies	\$	-7.574
Pension Funds	\$	13.985
Insurance Companies	\$	8.109
Brokers and GFA	\$	1.223
Other Sectors	\$	3.321
Total	\$	14.563

Derivatives market, net amounts outstanding

At the end of July, the Formal Exchange Market (FEM) net long position dropped by US\$2,590 million, registering US\$14,563 million (June: US\$17,153) (Chart 1 and annex).

The net position with the Foreign Sector changed from net long US\$1,187 million to net short US\$4,499 million, reflecting the interest of non-residents to take short positions on the Chilean peso. Also of note was an increase of the net long position with Other Sectors by US\$3,367 million, influenced by USD long positions with the Central Bank of Chile due to the foreign exchange intervention program, ending the month on US\$3,321 million (June: -US\$46).

Chart 1: Derivatives, amounts outstanding by counterparty.



Source: Central Bank of Chile.

Derivatives turnover by counterparty

(millions of US dollars)		
Foreign Sector	\$	58.463
Real Sector Companies	\$	9.960
Pension Funds	\$	16.263
Insurance Companies	\$	1.839
Brokers and GFA	\$	4.143
Other Sectors	\$	7.790
Total	\$	98.459

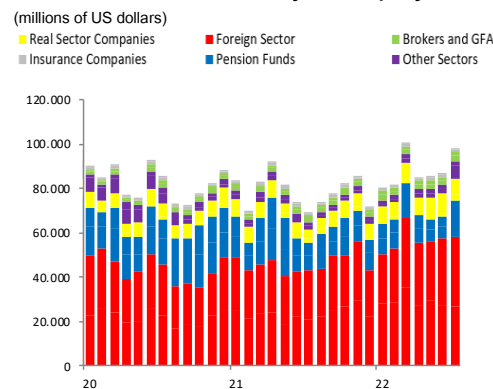
Derivatives market, turnover

During July foreign currency derivatives turnover increased to US\$98,459 million (June: US\$86,787). This was mainly explained by higher activity with Pension Funds and Other Sectors, which registered US\$16,263 million and US\$7,790 million during the month respectively, with the last sector influenced by the forward and FX swap operations with the Central Bank of Chile as part of its intervention program (Chart 2).

Activity between FEM entities was US\$24,352 million, an increase of US\$3,546 million from the previous month (Chart 3).

Consequently, total foreign currency derivatives turnover increased to register US\$122,810 million during the month of July 2022 (June: US\$107,593).

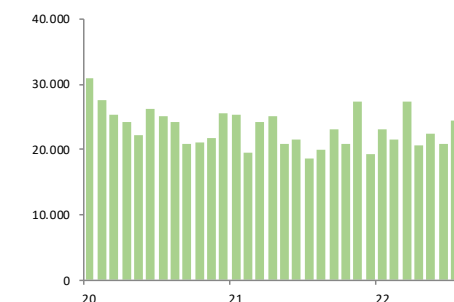
Chart 2: Derivatives turnover by counterparty.



Source: Central Bank of Chile.

Chart 3: Derivatives turnover between the Formal Exchange Market.

(millions of US dollars)



Source: Central Bank of Chile.

Spot turnover by counterparty (millions of US dollars)		
Foreign Sector	\$	13.668
Real Sector Companies	\$	16.033
Pension Funds	\$	13.641
Insurance Companies	\$	2.017
Brokers and GFA	\$	7.964
Other Sectors	\$	9.819
Total	\$	63.142

Spot market, turnover

Foreign currency spot turnover increased in July 2022 reaching a total of US\$63,142 million (June: US\$52,864).

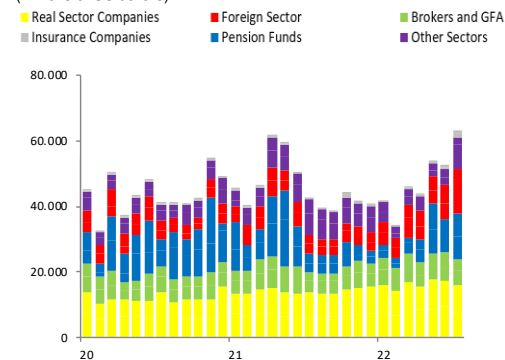
The principal increase was observed with Other Sectors which registered US\$9,819 million (June: US\$4,979) as a result of purchases from the Ministry of Finance and the Central Bank of Chile. Additionally, more activity was observed with Pension Funds, related to their management of overseas investments, as well as with non-residents, with respective increases of US\$3,539 million and US\$3,160 million.

Spot activity within the FEM decreased by US\$1,412 million with total turnover registering US\$39,324 million at the end of the month.

As such, total monthly spot activity of the FEM reached US\$102,466 million (June: US\$93,600).

Chart 4: Spot turnover by counterparty.

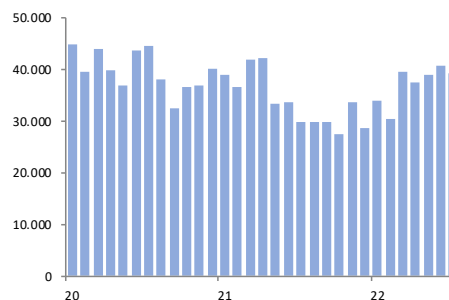
(millions of US dollars)



Source: Central Bank of Chile.

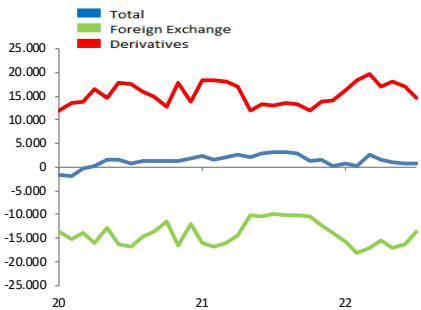
Chart 5: Spot turnover between the Formal Exchange Market.

(millions of US dollars)

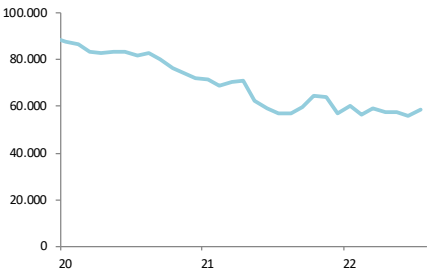


Annex

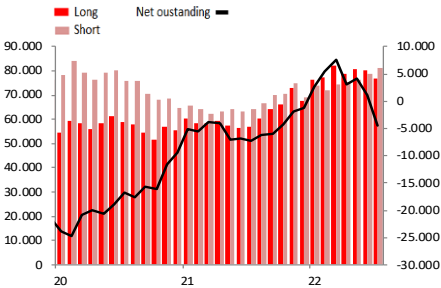
Net amounts outstanding (spot plus derivatives) of the Formal Exchange Market
(millions of US dollars)



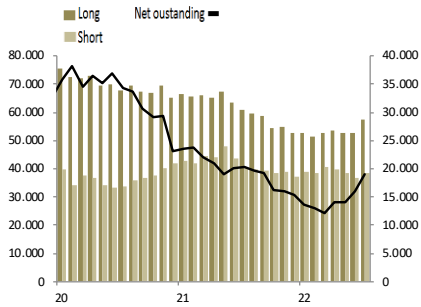
Derivatives. Amount outstanding between the Formal Exchange Market
(millions of US dollars)



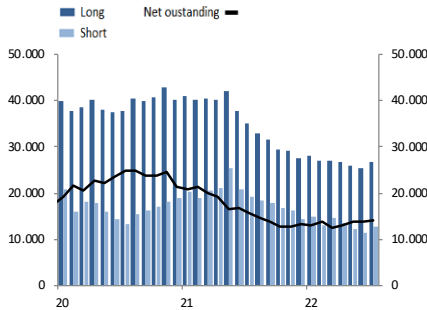
Derivatives. Net amounts outstanding of the Formal Exchange Market with Foreign Sector
(millions of US dollars)



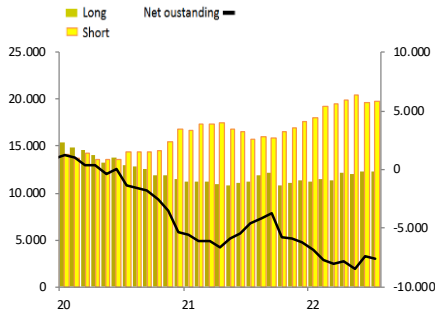
Derivatives. Net amounts outstanding of the Formal Exchange Market with Local Counterparties
(millions of US dollars)



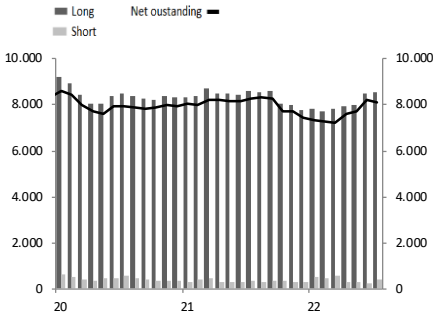
Derivatives. Net amounts outstanding of the Formal Exchange Market with Pension Funds
(millions of US dollars)



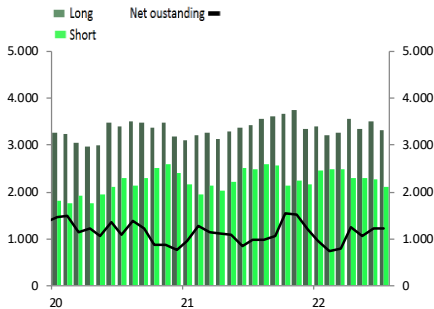
Derivatives. Net amounts outstanding of the Formal Exchange Market with Real Sector Companies
(millions of US dollars)



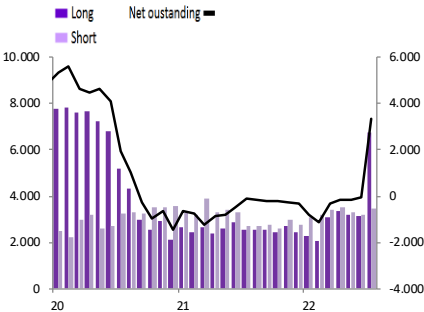
Derivatives. Net amounts outstanding of the Formal Exchange Market with Insurance Companies
(millions of US dollars)



Derivatives. Net amounts outstanding of the Formal Exchange Market with Brokers and GFA
(millions of US dollars)



Derivatives. Net amounts outstanding of the Formal Exchange Market with Other Sectors
(millions of US dollars)



Foreign Exchange and Derivatives Statistics Report Glossary

Notes:

- 1) The Central Bank of Chile collects information on spot transactions and derivatives contracts carried out by banking companies and other institutions within the Formal Exchange Market (FEM), with both local and foreign counterparties, as established in Chapters I and IX of the Compendium of International Exchange Regulations.
- 2) Monthly figures are revised with a lag of three months and 23 days, which means published figures for the last three months are provisional and subject to revision.

Glossary:

- **Brokers and Securities Intermediaries:** brokers and other securities intermediaries supervised by the Comisión para el Mercado Financiero (CMF).
- **Foreign Sector:** non-Chilean resident counterparties.
- **Formal Exchange Market:** corresponds to banks and other entities or persons authorized to be part of this market, which are outlined in Chapter III of the Compendium of International Exchange Regulations of the Central Bank of Chile.
- **General Fund Administrators:** investment funds administered by general fund administrators which are supervised by the CMF.
- **Insurance Companies:** general purpose and life insurance companies which are supervised by the Chilean securities regulator (CMF).
- **Other Sectors:** households, government, the Central Bank of Chile and any other financial company not considered among the classifications already disclosed. In the case of the Central Bank, foreign exchange intervention and liquidity management programs are considered, either through spot purchase / sale operations of foreign currency, FX Swaps, Swaps and FX Forwards, among others.
- **Pension Funds:** funds administered by Pension Fund Administrators (Administradoras de Fondos de Pensiones or AFPs) registered with the Chilean Pensions Supervisor.
- **Real Sector Companies:** considers both public and private companies. Also includes parent companies that exercise control over their subsidiaries.
- **Net amount outstanding:** the net notional stock of all outstanding contracts at the end of the period. It considers all currency derivatives instruments used by the Formal Exchange Market (FEM) with the most common being forwards, FX swaps, cross-currency swaps and options. Net refers to the netting between the long and short positions, where a positive sign indicates that the FEM holds a net long foreign currency position while a negative sign indicates that the FEM holds a net short foreign currency position, against the relevant counterparty sector.
- **Long position:** outstanding commitments to purchase foreign currency with domestic currency (Chilean peso and Unidad de Fomento) by the FEM with the indicated counterparty sector at the end of the period.
- **Short position:** outstanding commitments to sell foreign currency and receive domestic currency (Chilean peso and Unidad de Fomento) by the FEM with the indicated counterparty sector at the end of the period.
- **Interbank position:** outstanding commitments to purchase foreign currency with domestic currency (Chilean peso and Unidad de Fomento) between the FEM institutions at the end of the period, also known as long positions. Only long positions are considered in order to avoid double counting due to double-sided reporting.
- **Total turnover:** includes new purchases and sales of foreign currency against domestic currency (Chilean pesos and Unidad de Fomento) by the FEM with the indicated counterparty sector during the period.
- **Derivatives turnover:** considers all newly committed derivatives contracts (flows) in notional amounts during the defined period of time by the FEM. It considers all instruments used by the FEM with the most common being forwards, FX Swaps, cross-currency swaps and options. Only considers local currency (Chilean pesos and Unidad de Fomento) against foreign currencies.
- **Spot turnover:** includes all spot transactions (flows) during the defined period of time by the FEM. Only considers local currency (Chilean pesos and Unidad de Fomento) against foreign currencies.

Report charts:

(C1): Derivatives net amounts outstanding, by counterparty: Total net positions by counterparty sector, at the end of the period. If its value is positive, it means that the Formal Exchange Market (FEM) has net future purchase commitments of foreign currency with that particular sector. On the other hand, if its value is negative the FEM has promises of net sale of foreign currency. The Net amount outstanding is presented on the right axis of the chart.

(C2): Derivatives turnover by counterparty: Total purchase and sale contracts signed by the FEM with the different counterparties. The positive axis identifies the purchase contract subscriptions and the negative axis the foreign currency sales contract subscriptions.

(C3): Derivatives turnover between Formal Exchange Market entities, where operations are counted only once to avoid double-counting.

(C4) Spot turnover by counterparty: Total purchase and sale traded by the FEM with the different counterparties for the period. Purchases of foreign currency are identified on the positive axis and sales on the negative axis.

(C5) Spot turnover between Formal Exchange Market entities, where operations are counted only once to avoid double-counting.

Further information in ["Publicación de Estadísticas Cambiarias del Banco Central de Chile"](#) by G. Acharan and J.M.Villena, corresponding to the Series of Statistical Economic Studies, No. 86, Central Bank of Chile, April 2011.