# Strategic perspectives on the future of central banks statistics

Alberto Naudon D. –Member of the Board–

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# International Context





Globally, central Banks are adapting their statistical frameworks to meet the challenges of a fast-changing data landscape. This includes:

- Embracing digitalization and big data to enhace policy-revelant insights.
- Advancing governance and transparency to ensure data quality and accountability.
- Strengthening international cooperation to close data gaps and improve comparability.

This shift positions statistics as a strategic asset for economic stability and global financial coordination.







### Vision of the Central Bank of Chile





### **Technological Modernization and Strategic Data Governance**

- Chief Data Officer (CDO) → Statistics and Data Division.
- Progress in centralized repository and active management of agreements.
- Data is primarily anonymized, with tightly regulated access to identifiable records.



#### Innovation and exploration of generative AI

- Innovation is a key strategic focus, though generative AI is still in its early exploratory stage.
- Focus on microdata to support monetary and financial policy decisions.



#### Data dissemination

- Expanded the set of publicly available data, incorporating more regional indicators and experimental statistics.
- Enhanced data accessibility through improved graphical tools for user-friendly dissemination.



# **Modernization of Technological Capabilities**











- <u>Data Modernization (Big Data)</u>: In recent years, the Central Bank of Chile has driven a comprehensive modernization of statistical and technological capabilities.
- The bank has developed a Big Data platform capable of processing large volumes of information from diverse sources, including electronic invoices and sales receipts.
- This platform currently supports the calculation of the Regional Sales Indicators (ICVR) and the Daily Sales Index for Retail Trade (IVDCM), and development is underway to incorporate the Corporate Trade Credit Indicators (ICCE), all within the framework of Experimental Statistics. These indicators have already demonstrated notable reductions in processing times.



# **Modernization of Technological Capabilities**







Platforms such as the Integrated Derivatives Information System (SIID-TR) and the Foreign Exchange Information System (SICAM) have incorporated interfaces like APIs, representing a leap in technological modernization by enabling automatic integration, reducing manual errors, and increasing efficiency in data processing.



• Operations Queries: Through SICAM with APIs, operations such as foreign investments or external debt of reporters can be queried, providing a timely and efficient view of international financial flows.



## **Strategic Data Governance**



- <u>im Institutional Data Governance</u>: Strategic Data Governance at the Central Bank of Chile ensures secure, efficient data use through CDO roles, strict access protocols, and a collaborative data community.
- Cross-sectional Access to Critical Data: Platforms such as BDE, SIID, and SICAM allow internal areas to access validated financial and exchange information, improving coherence in analysis and decisionmaking.
- Integration with Key Entities CMF-BCCH: The transfer of structured information from the Central Bank to the CMF enables more precise supervision of exchange and financial operations, ensuring control, transparency, and regulatory support.







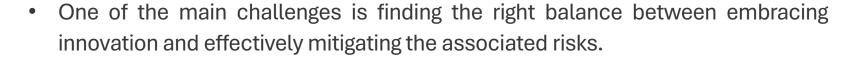


## **Innovation and Exploration of Generative Al**









- Key concerns include privacy protection, compliance with data provider agreements, ethical use of data, and maintaining data quality.
- Our current approach to exploring Generative AI has been through sandbox projects; we welcome suggestions on how to accelerate and scale these efforts.
- Nonetheless, we have made significant progress in leveraging microdata to support monetary and financial policy decision-making.





### **Data Dissemination**



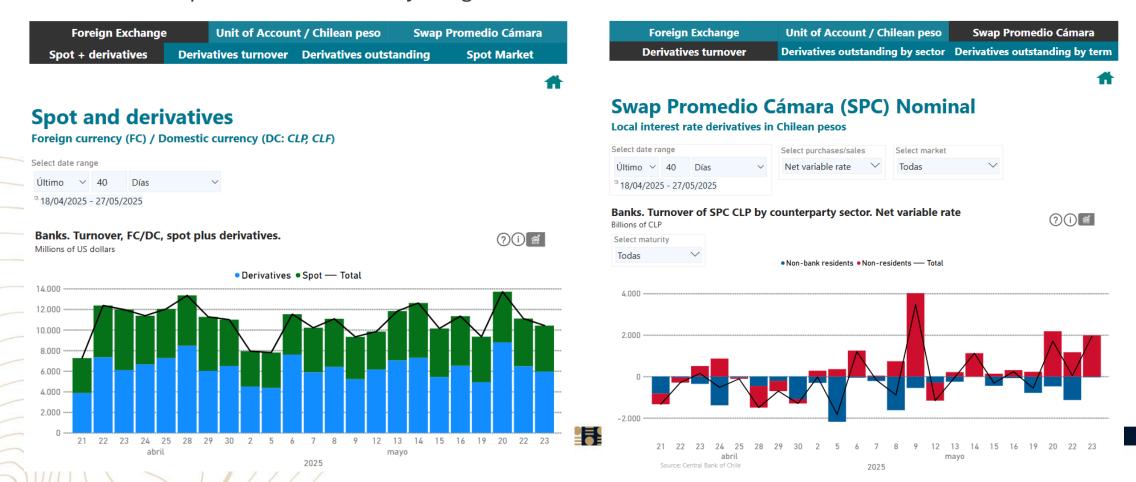
- The final stage of statistical dissemination is key. The Statistical Database (BDE) is consolidated as the main open-access platform for macroeconomic and financial information. We have advanced by releasing new data—such as regional, natural capital, and experimental statistics—and by improving graphical visualization tools.
- We are also incorporating features inspired by leading dissemination platforms (e.g., FRED), though further work is needed to enhance usability and expand functionality.



#### **Data Dissemination**



Institutional Data-Oriented Culture: In addition to dissemination, a data culture is being built where transparency, quality, and the strategic use of information become part of the Bank's daily work. One example is the derivatives transaction information repository (SIID-TR), which transparently displays information on the derivatives and spot market interactively using Power BI on the website.















- Statistical capacity building requires sustained investment in talent, training, and institutional collaboration.
- The Central Bank of Chile engages actively with BIS, IMF, OECD, World Bank, IAD, and CEMLA, and benefits from peer reviews and technical cooperation.
- Regional forums like this one are vital for harmonizing standards, sharing best practices, and closing data gaps.



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